

# Flow Capacity Nomogram

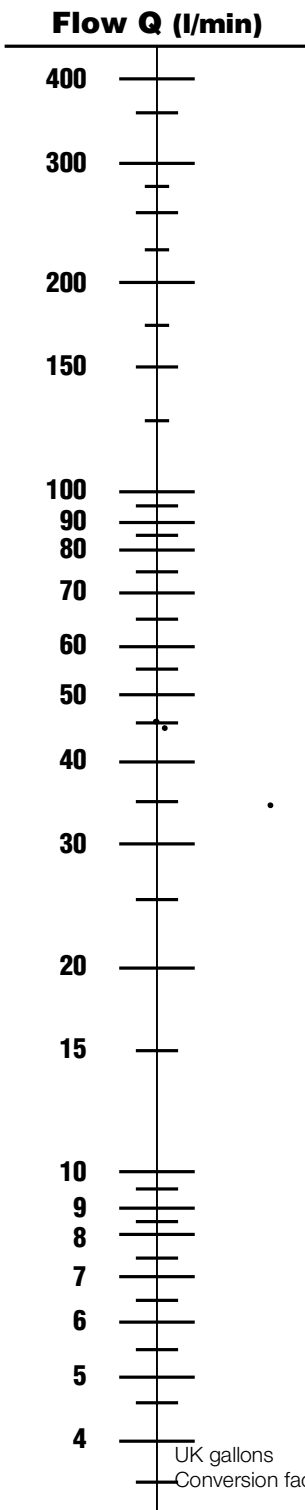
The chart below is provided as an aid in the determination of the correct hose size.

Example: at 10 gallons per minute (gal/min), what is the proper hose size within the recommended velocity range for pressure lines?

Locate 10 gallons per minute in the left-hand column and 20 feet per second in the right-hand column (the maximum recommended velocity range for pressure lines). Lay a straight line across these two points.

The inside diameter shown in the centre column is above -6 so we have to use -8 (1/2"). For suction hose, follow the same procedure except use recommended velocity range for intake lines in the right-hand column.

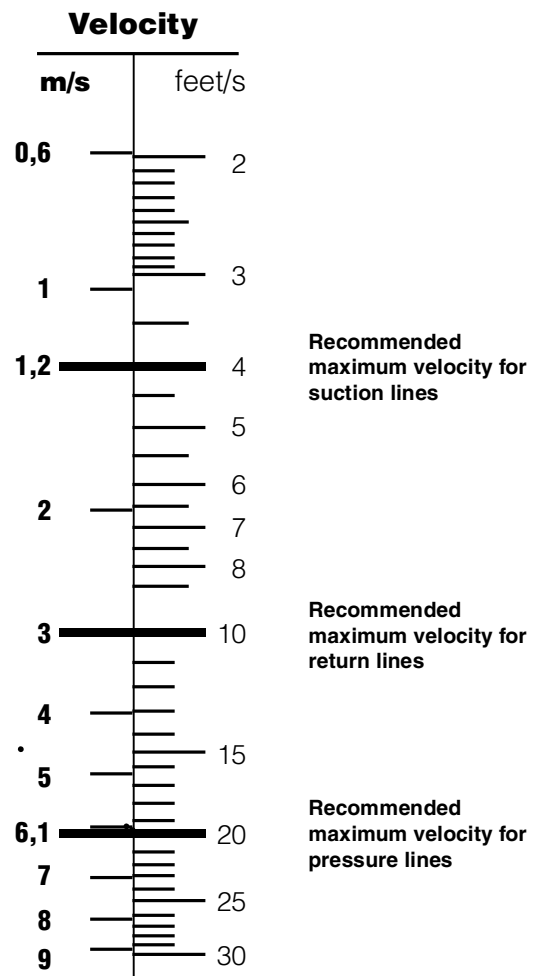
where: Q = flow in gallons per minute (gal/min & l/min)  
 V = velocity in feet per second (f/s & m/s)  
 d = hose inside diameter (mm & dash size)



Inside diameter d	
mm	dash sizes inch
50,8	-32 2
38,1	-24 1-1/2
31,8	-20 1-1/4
25,4	-16 1
19,1	-12 3/4
15,9	-10 5/8
12,7	-8 1/2
9,5	-6 3/8
7,9	-5 5/16
6,3	-4 1/4
4,8	-3 3/16

**Example**  
 Flow Q = 45 l/m  
 Velocity V = 6,1 m/s  
 Konstant K = 21,2025

$$D = \sqrt{\frac{Q * K}{V}} = \sqrt{\frac{45 \frac{l}{m} * 21,2025}{6,1 \frac{m}{s}}} = 12,5 \text{ mm}$$



\* Recommended velocities are according to hydraulic fluids of maximum viscosity 315 S.S.U. at 38°C working at roomtemperature within 18° and 68°C.